UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Texas	
KAIST IP US LLC v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., et al.) Case No.: 2:16-cv-1314	
BILL OF COSTS	
Judgment having been entered in the above entitled action on 02/21/2020 against Defendal	nte
the Clerk is requested to tax the following as costs:	,
· -	\$ 0.00
Fees of the Clerk	\$ 0.00
Fees for service of summons and subpoena	
Fees for printed or electronically recorded transcripts necessarily obtained for use in the case	69,301.32
Fees and disbursements for printing	0.00
Fees for witnesses (itemize on page two)	18,368.63
Fees for exemplification and the costs of making copies of any materials where the copies are necessarily obtained for use in the case	132,978.94
Docket fees under 28 U.S.C. 1923	0.00
Costs as shown on Mandate of Court of Appeals	0.00
Compensation of court-appointed experts	14,127.08
Compensation of interpreters and costs of special interpretation services under 28 U.S.C. 1828	27,098.36
Other costs (please itemize)	M11 M121 M121 M121 M121 M121 M121 M121
TOTAL	\$261,874.33
SPECIAL NOTE: Attach to your bill an itemization and documentation for requested costs in all categories.	
Declaration	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing costs are correct and were necessarily incurred is services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed. A copy of this bill has be in the following manner:	
Electronic service First class mail, postage prepaid Other:	
s/ Attorney: /s/ Guy M. Rodgers	
Name of Attorney: Guy M. Rodgers	A
For: Plaintiff KIPB LLC, formerly known as KAIST IP US LLC Name of Claiming Party Date:	03/06/2020
Taxation of Costs	
Costs are taxed in the amount of \$261,874.33 and inc	cluded in the judgment.
David A. O' foole By: NakishaLove Clerk of Court Deputy Clerk	8/13/20 Date

AO 133 (Rev. 12/09) Bill of Costs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Witness Fees (computation, cf. 28 U.S.C. 1821 for statutory fees)									
	ATTENDANCE SUBSIST		STENCE	MILEAGE		Total Cost			
NAME, CITY AND STATE OF RESIDENCE	Days	Total Cost	. Days	Total Cost	Miles	Total Cost	Each Witness		
Jong-Ho Lee Seoul, Korea	4	160.00	4	160.00	14,074	4,001.79	\$4,321.79		
Kelin Kuhn Winthrop, Washington	5	200.00	5	200.00	4,400	3,201.99	\$3,601.99		
Roy Weinstein Los Angeles, California	3	120.00	3	120.00	3,172	4,012.24	\$4,252.24		
David Witt San Antonio, Texas	3	120.00	3	120.00	752	1,337.60	\$1,577.60		
Yon Taek Chong Seoul, Korea	1	40.00	1	40.00	14,074	4,415.01	\$4,495.01		
In-Gyoo Kang and Yong-Ho Son, Seoul, Korea	2	80.00	2	40.00	0	0.00	\$120.00		
						DTAL	\$18,368.63		

NOTICE

Section 1924, Title 28, U.S. Code (effective September 1, 1948) provides:

"Sec. 1924. Verification of bill of costs."

"Before any bill of costs is taxed, the party claiming any item of cost or disbursement shall attach thereto an affidavit, made by himself or by his duly authorized attorney or agent having knowledge of the facts, that such item is correct and has been necessarily incurred in the case and that the services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed."

See also Section 1920 of Title 28, which reads in part as follows:

"A bill of costs shall be filed in the case and, upon allowance, included in the judgment or decree."

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contain the following provisions: RULE 54(d)(1)

Costs Other than Attorneys' Fees.

Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs — other than attorney's fees — should be allowed to the prevailing party. But costs against the United States, its officers, and its agencies may be imposed only to the extent allowed by law. The clerk may tax costs on 14 day's notice. On motion served within the next 7 days, the court may review the clerk's action.

RULE 6

(d) Additional Time After Certain Kinds of Service.

When a party may or must act within a specified time after service and service is made under Rule5(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), or (F), 3 days are added after the period would otherwise expire under Rule 6(a).

RULE 58(e)

Cost or Fee Awards:

Ordinarily, the entry of judgment may not be delayed, nor the time for appeal extended, in order to tax costs or award fees. But if a timely motion for attorney's fees is made under Rule 54(d)(2), the court may act before a notice of appeal has been filed and become effective to order that the motion have the same effect under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4) as a timely motion under Rule 59.